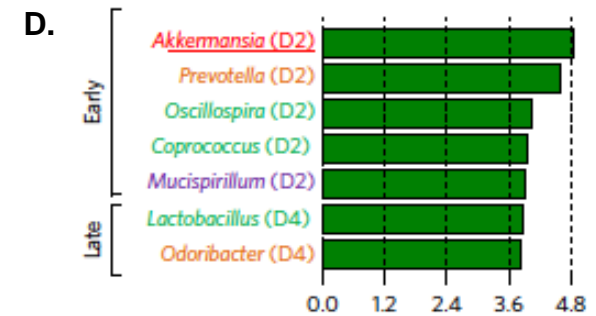
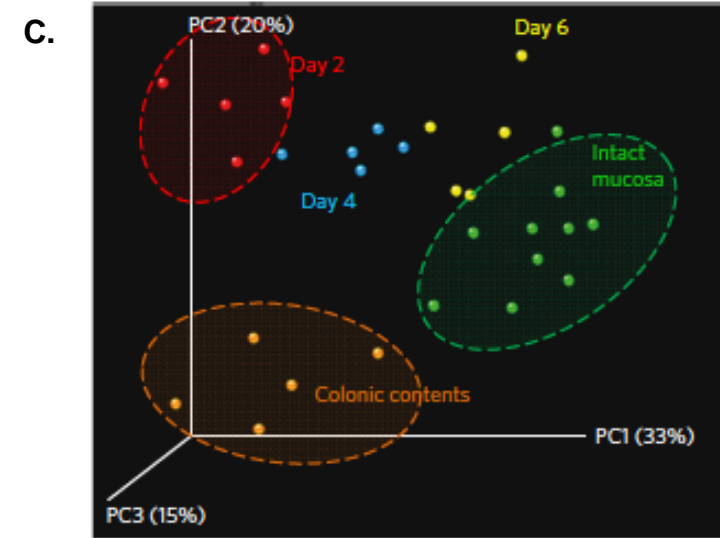
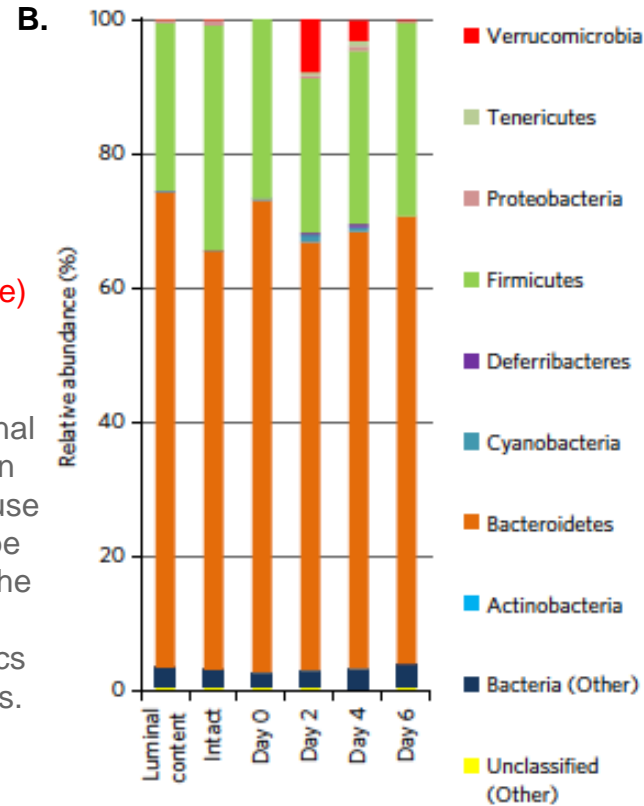


■ Pan-bacterial 16S rDNA (universal probe)
■ DNA

Figure: Spatiotemporal change of microbiome during recovery from intestinal inflammation and injury. A. Fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH) analysis of mouse colonic tissue using a pan-bacterial probe (red). B-D. Plots showing alterations in the gut microbiome determined by high-throughput sequencing and bioinformatics analysis of the bacterial 16S rRNA genes.



<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5076466/>